UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK x	
MARK SCARDER,	
Plaintiff,	
-against-	COMPLAINT AND JURY DEMAND
THE CITY OF NEW YORK, POLICE COMMISSIONER RAYMOND W. KELLY, INSPECTOR ROBERT BOYCE, OFFICER SELWYN FONROSE, SERGEANT ROBERT HENDERSON, OFFICER VICTOR SPACCAFORNO, DETECTIVE FELIX COLON, JOHN DOE #1-3,	ELECTRONIC FILING CASE
Defendants.	
x	

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

- 1. This is a civil rights action in which plaintiff seeks relief for the violation of his rights secured by 42 USC §1983, the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, and the laws and Constitution of the State of New York.
- 2. The claim arises from a May 30, 2004 incident in which Officers of the New York City Police Department ("NYPD"), acting under color of state law, intentionally and willfully subjected plaintiff to, <u>inter alia</u>, false arrest, false imprisonment and malicious prosecution, for acts of which plaintiff was innocent.
- 3. Plaintiff seeks monetary damages (special, compensatory, and punitive) against defendants, as well as an award of costs and attorneys' fees, and such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURISDICTION

4. This action is brought pursuant to 28 USC §1331, 42 USC §1983, and the Fourth

and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution. Pendent party jurisdiction and supplementary jurisdiction over plaintiff's state law claims is asserted.

- 5. The amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.00 excluding interest and costs.
- 6. Venue is laid within the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York in that Defendant City of New York is located within and a substantial part of the events giving rise to the claim occurred within the boundaries of the Southern District of New York.

PARTIES

- 7. Plaintiff is a citizen of the United States and at all times here relevant resided in the County of Kings, City and State of New York.
- 8. The City of New York is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of New York.
- 9. New York Police Commissioner Raymond Kelly ("the Commissioner") was at all times here relevant the Commissioner of the New York City Police Department, and, as such, was a policy maker with respect to training, supervision, and discipline of NYPD officers, including the other individual defendant. The Commissioner is sued in his individual and official capacities.
- 10. Inspector Robert Boyce was at all times here relevant the Commanding Officer of the 67th Precinct and, as such, was a policy maker with respect to training, supervision, and discipline of NYPD officers within the precinct, including the other individual defendants.

 Inspector Robert Boyce is sued in his individual and official capacities.
- 11. All other individual defendants are members of the NYPD, and are sued in their individual and official capacities.

12. At all times here mentioned defendants were acting under color of state law, to wit, under color of the statutes, ordinances, regulations, policies, customs and usages of the City and State of New York.

NOTICE OF CLAIM

13. Within 90 days of the events giving rise to this claim, plaintiff filed written Notice of Claim with the New York City Office of the Comptroller. Over 30 days have elapsed since the filing of that notice, and this matter has not been settled or otherwise disposed of.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 14. On May 30, 2004, at approximately 1:00 a.m., plaintiff was walking on East 21st Street, Brooklyn, NY when he was stopped and searched by the defendant police officers without reasonable suspicion, probable cause or with any reasonable belief that the officers were in danger. At no time was the plaintiff engaging in any unlawful conduct.
 - 15. The defendant officers then arrested plaintiff without probable cause.
- 16. Defendant police officers then maliciously instituted a criminal action against plaintiff. After trial, plaintiff was acquitted of all charges.
- 17. At all times during the events described above, the defendant police officers were engaged in a joint venture. The individual officers assisted each other in performing the various actions described and lent their physical presence and support and the authority of their office to each other during said events.
- 18. During all of the events above described, defendants acted maliciously and with intent to injure plaintiff.
- 19. As a direct and proximate result of the acts of defendants, plaintiff suffered the following injuries and damages:

- a. Violation of his rights pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution to be free from an unreasonable search and seizure of his person;
- b. Violation of his New York State constitutional rights under Article 1,
 Section 12 to be free from an unreasonable search and seizure;
- c. Violation of his right to Due Process of Law under the Fourteenth Amendment to the United Stated Constitution;
- d. Violation of his New York State Constitutional right under Article 1, Section 6 to Due Process of Law;
- e. Emotional trauma and suffering, including fear, embarrassment, humiliation, emotional distress, frustration, extreme inconvenience, anxiety, and financial loss;
 - f. Loss of liberty;
 - g. Attorney's and court fees.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(42 USC § 1983)

- 20. Paragraphs one through nineteen are here incorporated by reference.
- 21. Defendants have deprived plaintiff of his civil, constitutional and statutory rights under color of law and have conspired to deprive him of such rights and are liable to plaintiff under 42 USC § 1983.
- 22. Defendants' conduct deprived plaintiff of his right to be free of unreasonable searches and seizures, pursuant to the Fourth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution. Defendants' conduct also deprived plaintiff of his right to due process of law, pursuant to the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution.
 - 23. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of defendants' wrongful acts in the amount

of Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000.00) dollars.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (MUNICIPAL LIABILITY)

- 24. Paragraphs one through twenty three are here incorporated by reference.
- 25. The City, the Commissioner and the Inspector are liable for the damages suffered by plaintiff as a result of the conduct of their employees, agents, and servants.
- 26. The City, the Commissioner, and the Inspector knew or should have known of their employees', agents', or servants' propensity to engage in the illegal and wrongful acts detailed above.
- 27. The aforesaid event was not an isolated incident. The City, the Commissioner, and the Inspector have been aware for some time (from lawsuits, notices of claim and complaints filed with the Civilian Complaint Review Board) that many of their police officers are insufficiently trained on the proper basis for an arrest, and the observations required to support probable cause. The City, Commissioner, and Inspector are further aware, from the same sources, that a "wall of silence" exists by which police officers falsely arrest citizens without fear of reprisal. The City, Commissioner, and Inspector fail to discipline officers for not reporting fellow officers' misconduct that they have observed, and they fail to discipline officers for making false statements to disciplinary agencies. Further, there is no procedure to notify individual officers, or their supervisors, of unfavorable judicial review of their conduct. Without this notification, improper search and seizure practices and incredible testimony go uncorrected. Additionally, the City, Commissioner, and Inspector have isolated their law department from the discipline of police officers, so that civil suits against police officers for actions taken in their capacity as police officers have no impact on the officers' careers, regardless of the outcome of the civil actions. The City is aware that all of the aforementioned has resulted in violations of

citizens' constitutional rights. Despite such notice, the City has failed to take corrective action. This failure and these policies caused the officers in the present case to violate the plaintiff's civil rights, without fear of reprisal.

- 28. The City, the Commissioner and the Inspector knew or should have known that the officers who caused plaintiff injury had a propensity for the type of conduct that took place in this case. Nevertheless, the City, the Commissioner, and the Inspector failed to take corrective action. Without proper supervision not only is this abusive behavior ignored, it is condoned.
- 29. The City, Inspector and Commissioner have failed to take the steps to discipline, train, supervise or otherwise correct the improper, illegal conduct of the individual defendants in this and in similar cases involving misconduct.
- 30. The above described policies and customs demonstrated a deliberate indifference on the part of policymakers of New York City, the Inspector and the Commissioner to the constitutional rights of persons within New York City, and were the cause of the violations of plaintiff's rights here alleged.
- 31. Defendants City of New York, the Commissioner, and the Inspector have damaged plaintiff by their failure to properly train, supervise, discipline, review, remove, or correct the illegal and improper acts of their employees, agents or servants in this and in similar cases involving police misconduct.
- 32. Plaintiff has been damaged as a result of the wrongful, negligent and illegal acts of the City, the Commissioner, and the Inspector in the amount of Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000.00) dollars.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (CONSTITUTIONAL TORT)

33. All preceding paragraphs are here incorporated by reference.

- 34. Defendants, acting under color of law, violated plaintiff's rights pursuant to §§6 and 12 of the New York State Constitution.
- 35. A damages remedy here is necessary to effectuate the purposes of §§6 and 12 of the New York State Constitution, and appropriate to ensure full realization of plaintiff's rights under those sections.
- 36. As a result of this violation of his rights guaranteed by the constitution of the State of New York, plaintiff was damaged in the sum of Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000.00) Dollars

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (FALSE ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT)

- 37. Paragraphs one through thirty six are here incorporated by reference.
- 38. Defendants subjected plaintiff to false arrest, false imprisonment, and deprivation of liberty without probable cause.
- 39. Defendants have deprived plaintiff of his civil, constitutional and statutory rights and have conspired to deprive him of such rights and are liable to plaintiffs under 42 USC §1983 and the New York State Constitution.
- 40. As a result of the false arrest, imprisonment, and deprivation of liberty, plaintiff was damaged in the sum of Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000.00) Dollars.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (MALICIOUS PROSECUTION)

- 41. Paragraphs one through forty are here incorporated by reference.
- 42. Defendants caused a false criminal accusatory instrument to be filed against plaintiff.
 - 43. The criminal proceedings were terminated favorably to plaintiff.

Case 1:06-cv-00990-LBS Document 1 Filed 02/08/06 Page 8 of 9

44. Defendants have deprived plaintiff of his civil, constitutional and statutory rights

and have conspired to deprive him of such rights and are liable to plaintiffs under the laws of the

State of New York.

45. As a result of the malicious prosecution instituted by defendants, plaintiff was

damaged in the sum of five hundred (\$500,000.00) dollars.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff demands judgment against the defendants, jointly and severally,

as follows:

A. In favor of plaintiff in the amount of Five Hundred Thousand (\$500,000.00)

dollars for each of plaintiff's Causes of Action;

B. Awarding plaintiff punitive damages in the amount of Five Hundred Thousand

(\$500,000.00) dollars for each of plaintiff's Causes of Action;

C. Awarding plaintiff reasonable attorneys' fees, costs and disbursements of this

action; and

D. Granting such other and further relief as this Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury.

DATED:

Brooklyn, New York

February 7, 2006

8

TO: City of New York Corporation Counsel Office 100 Church Street, 4th floor New York, NY 10007

> Police Commissioner Raymond W. Kelly 1 Police Plaza Room 1406 New York, NY 10006

Inspector Robert Boyce 67th Precinct 2820 Snyder Ave. Brooklyn NY 11216

Officer Selwyn Fonrose 1 Police Plaza, Room 1100 New York NY 10006

Sergeant Robert Henderson 2820 Snyder Ave. Brooklyn NY 11216

Officer Victor Spaccaforno 2820 Snyder Ave. Brooklyn NY 11216

Detective Felix Colon 2820 Snyder Ave. Brooklyn NY 11216 Yours, etc.,

NICOLE BELLINA, ESQ. Bar #NB7154 Attorney for Plaintiff 71 Nevins Street Brooklyn, NY 11217 (718) 852-4491 nicole_bellina@yahoo.com